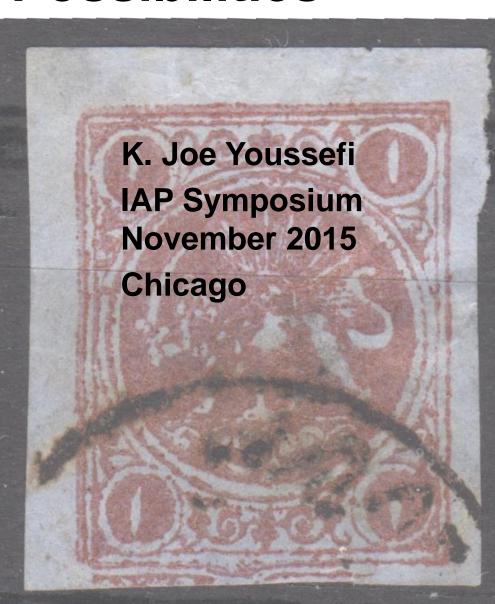
Analytical Philately Tools and Possibilities

- Problem
- Approach
- Equipment
- Experiments
 - Classic Lions
 - Meched Provisional
- Results
- Conclusion



Problem

Worldwide Philately Flounders

While High End Items and Philately of a Few Countries Flourish

- Questionable Material
 - Extensive Amount of Manipulated Items
 - Wide Variety of Reprints and Forgeries
 - Limited documentation of Above
- Limited Active and Recognized Certification Experts
 - Many have Retired
 - Most Have Limited Range of Expertise
- High Burden of Certification
 - Delays can reach mutiple months
 - Cost can be Substantial and Discouraging
- Influential Members Damage Philately
 - Declare Items as Forgeries, to "Steal" them from Dealers & Auctions
 - Declare Items (Some Certified) as Forgeries at Major Stamp Shows
 - Spread Rumors Regarding Certification Experts
- Reputation of Philately is Degraded

<u>Approach</u>

How Can We Turn Around This Regression in Philately? [We can not change socio-economic trends]

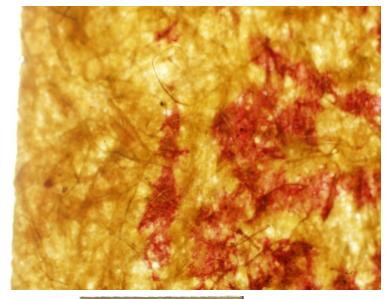
- 1. Encourage and Expand Certification Expertise
- 2. Create Additional Certification Committees
- 3. Enable and Encourage More Members to Exhibit
- 4. Encourage More Members to Publish
- 5. Put an End to the Personal Assaults Against Philately
- 6. Incorporate Technology to Complement and Enhance the Existing Expertise

Equipment

- Standard: Micrometer; Microscope; Scanner; etc.
- Light Microscope (Olympus, Model Number BX46)
 - Dr. Sarah Estrada, Affiliated Dermatology, Scottsdale, AZ
- □ Video Spectral Comparator (VSC 6000)
- X-ray Fluorescence Analyzer (Bruker Tracer III-SD)
- □ Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy (FT-IR)
 - ☐ Tom Lera, National Postal Museum Labs, Washington DC

Light Microscope Olympus BX46





40X Paper & Ink

- UIS2 optical system
- High color reproductivity LED light source
- Koehler illumination for transmitted light
- Light intensity manager switch
- Fixed reverse coded quintuple nosepiece
- Up to 400X magnification
- 15mm focus stroke
- 1µm fine focusing knob

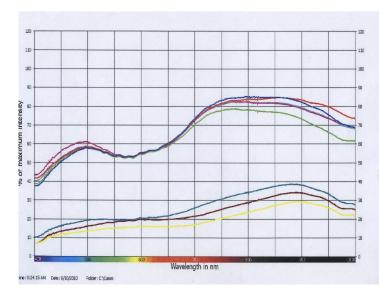


Lion Stamp 1 Kran Red Yellow Paper

Video Spectral Comparator VSC 6000

- Video Spectral Comparator performs optical examination of a surface.
- Manufactured by Foster and Freeman, Ltd.
 Evesham, Worchestershire, UK.
- Located at the Smithsonian National Postal Museum (NPM) in Washington, DC.
- Allows examination of samples in the visible and near-infrared regions of the spectrum carried out with incident and transmitted UV, visible and infrared illumination from 400 1000 nm.
- Geometric evaluation can also be performed.

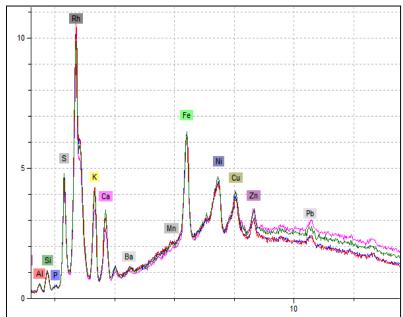




X-ray Fluorescence Analyzer Bruker Tracer III-SD

- Bruker Handheld Tracer III-SD X-ray Fluorescence Analyzer
- Located at the Smithsonian National Postal Museum (NPM) in Washington, DC.
- Uses an x-ray tube of a thin Rh target; voltage 0.1-45kV; beam current 2-25µA; and 10mm2 silicon drift detector with a resolution of 145kV used for this analysis.
- Provides distribution of basic elements in the sample with nondestructive analysis
- Spot size of 0.5 cm²



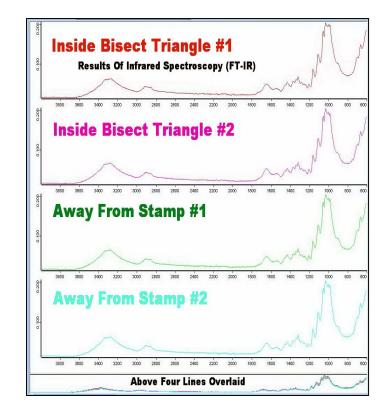


Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy (FT-IR)

- Another instrument at the NPM
- Bruker ALPHA FT-IR Spectrometer with a Platinum-diamond ATR sample analysis module.
- Data collected over a spectral range of 7,500 350 cm⁻¹ at 4 cm⁻¹ spectral resolution.
- •Spectrometer incorporates a KBr beamsplitter, an integrated Deuterated Triglycine Sulfate (DTGS) detector, and a Silicon Carbide (SiC) globar infrared source.
- •Uses a non-destructive method for in-situ analysis of stamps, controlling the optical path by mirror fiber optics.







Experiments - Classic Persia (Lions)

- 1. Ink characteristics of "yek-sad-adad" manual-overprint (6 stamps)
- 2. Ink analysis of Bagheri stamps new color reporting (6 stamps & 3 references)
- 3. Evaluate postal doc. (paper, ink, postmark); compare with references.
- 4. Paper evaluation of diagonally ribbed paper (4 stamps)
- 5. Ink analysis of 1 kran re-engraved color error (& 1 reference)
- 6. Analysis of 1 Toman copper bronze variety (& 1 reference)
- 7. Ink analysis of 5 Kran bronze (2 stamps)
- 8. Ink analysis of 5 Kran gold bronze (3 stamps)

Experiments - Meched Postmaster Provisional

- 1. Establish baseline: Meched and Gaoudan cover
- 2. Evaluate cover to Manchester (paper, postmark, ink, other)
- 3. Evaluate postcard to Belgium
- 4. Evaluate envelope cutout
- 5. Evaluate paper types [wove; wove with watermark; meshed; meshed with W/M]
- 6. Compare ink in frame versus ink in signet (black, violet, blue, and red)
- 7. Evaluate signature ink (red and violet); check florescent versus non-florescent types
- 8. Evaluate postmark inks (postal use versus CTO)
- 9. Evaluate "broken heh" stamp; characteristics and ink versus reference
- 10. Evaluate ink in printed-on-the-back stamps
- 11. Characterize forgeries Group I (Type 1 4) and Group II (Type 1 4) Paper, Ink, Initial, & postmark

Sample Results - Classic Lions

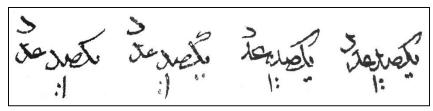
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Objective was to Determine Equipment Capabilities and Limitations; not to Derive Final Conclusions.

L1 - Ink characteristics of "yek-sad-adad" manual overprint

Difficult to certify:

- Approximately 40 Exist
- Various writing formats
- Varying levels of fading
- Four denominations

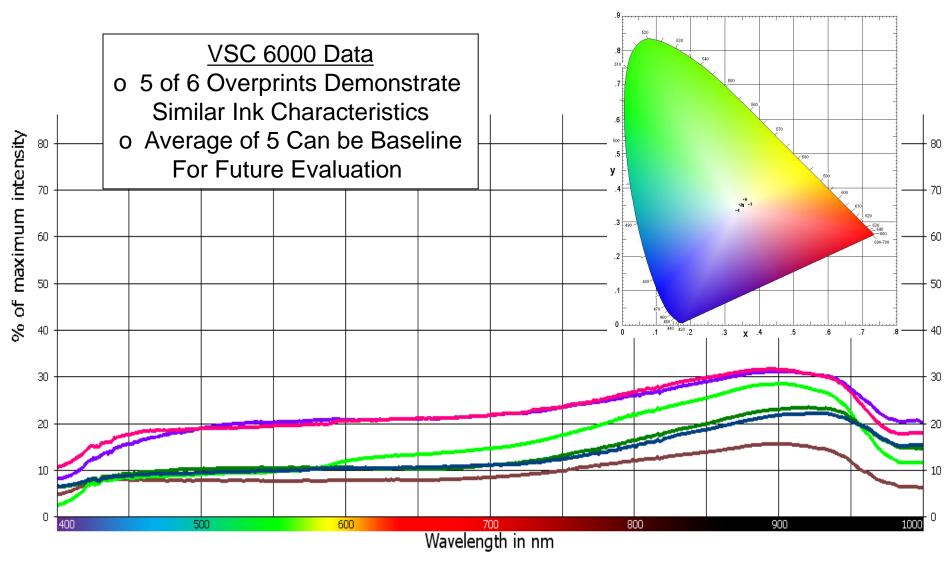


Courtesy M. Sadri

Approach: Analyze overprint ink with VSC 6000



L1 - Ink characteristics of "yek-sad-adad" manual overprint

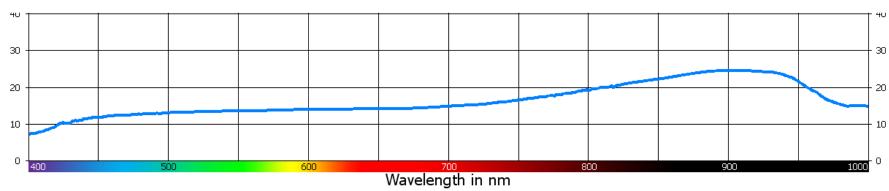


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L1 - Ink characteristics of "yek-sad-adad" manual overprint

Average-of-5
Reference
For Future Evaluation
Of Yek-Sad-Adad





L6 - Analysis of 1 Toman Copper Bronze Variety



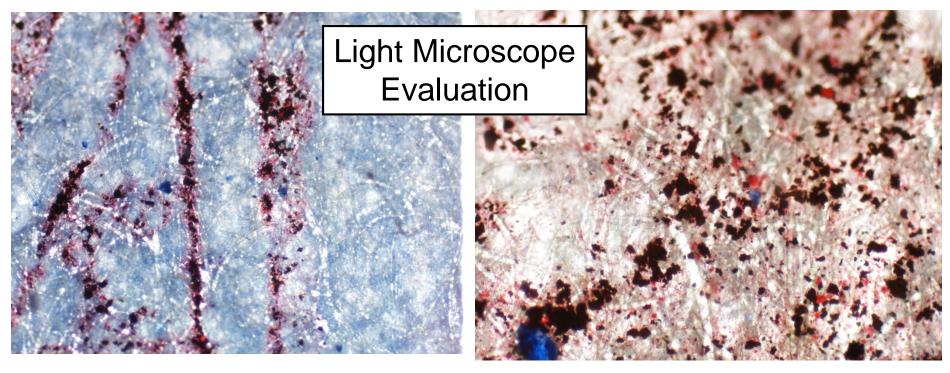
- 1 Toman Red Bronze on Blue paper (P28) is one of most sought after stamps of Iran; 7 unused and approx. 80 used copies known.
- Possible variety with color of Copper Bronze has been observed.
- Is this a real color variety, or possibly a manipulated item?

L6 - Analysis of 1 Toman Copper Bronze Variety

Is 1 Toman Copper Bronze a color variety, or a manipulated item?

Paper and Ink Variation

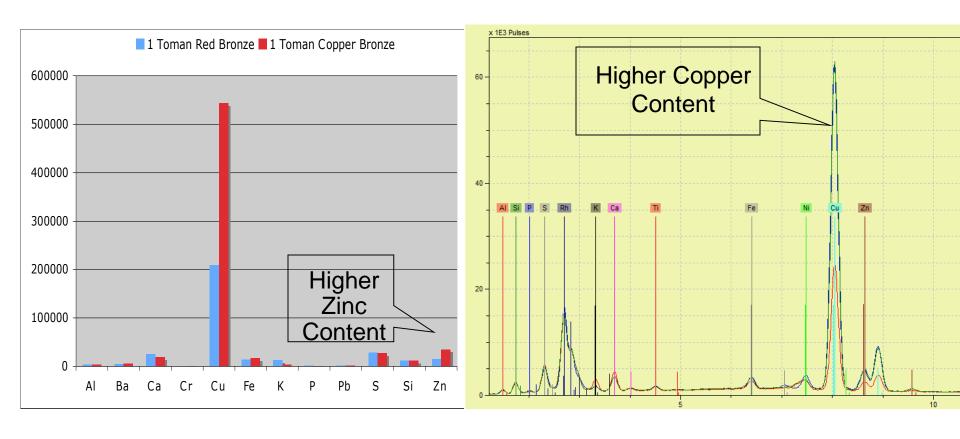




L6 - Analysis of 1 Toman Copper Bronze Variety

Is 1 Toman Copper Bronze a true variety?

XRF Analysis



L6 - Analysis of 1 Toman Copper Bronze Variety

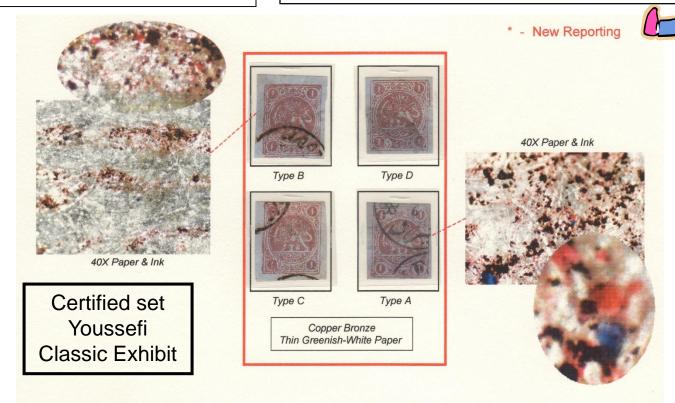
Is 1 Toman Copper Bronze a true variety?

Printed with the same cliché

YES - Paper is different

YES - Ink is different

Conclusion: Paper and Ink Analysis Indicate Copper Bronze Is a True Variety of 1 Toman Red Bronze.
Six (6) copies observed so far.



Conclusion

It has been Demonstrated that
Advanced Tools and Technology
Can be Incorporated to
Substantially Enhance Our Existing
Philatelic Knowledge.